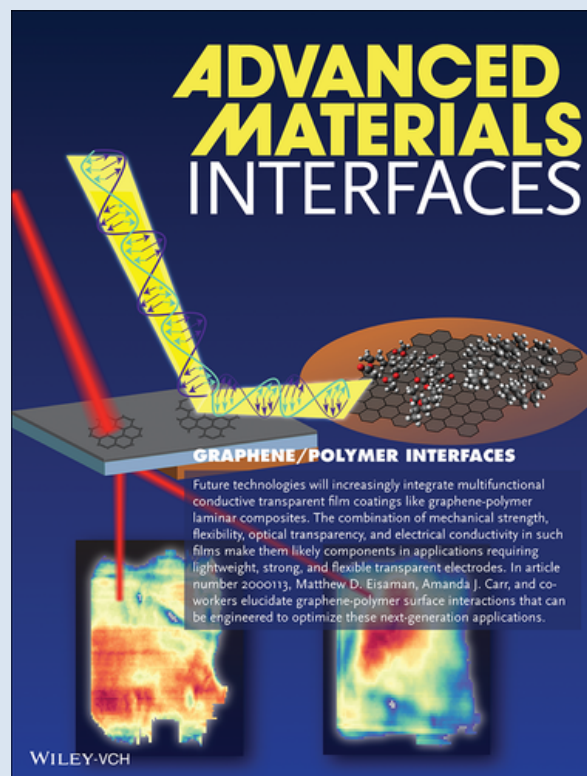




Stony Brook University  
College of Engineering  
and Applied Sciences

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Undergraduate Guide  
To  
**Electrical Engineering**



Source: Matthew Eisaman



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This guide is to be used as an aid for students planning course sequences within the Electrical Engineering major. All students should consult the **University Undergraduate Bulletin and Bulletin Supplements** for official academic information and regulations.



# **1. INTRODUCTION**

Electrical Engineering is one of the CEAS programs leading to the Bachelor of Engineering degree. It is a rigorous four-year program that provides thorough training in the fundamentals of electrical engineering. Beginning in the third year, students may also choose to specialize in either microelectronics or telecommunications. All electrical engineering study culminates in the fourth year in an original design project, working in a team with other students and under the supervision of a faculty member. All students have a faculty advisor who consults with them on course selection, academic progress, and career preparation.

Throughout their program, the students work in state-of-the-art instructional laboratories that include computer-aided circuit design, lasers, machine vision and computer graphics, microprocessor systems design, microwave and RF electronics, digital signal processing and the most up to date electronic communications.

## **Career Opportunities in Electrical Engineering**

Electrical engineering, a professional field since 1884, offers a wealth of career choices. The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, the largest professional organization in the world, lists over thirty specialized areas, ranging from microwave theory and techniques, instrumentation and measurements, and broadcast technology to consumer electronics and engineering in medicine and biology. Current growth areas include telecommunications, signal processing, optoelectronics, microelectronics, pattern recognition, machine vision, artificial intelligence, and robotics.

Electrical engineers are recruited for a variety of fields including energy, aeronautics, communications, testing laboratories, computer technology of hardware and software, and systems for finance and banking. For example, a communications engineer may work on improving communications networks by designing efficient systems for commercial applications, tactical and traffic control systems, or satellite surveillance systems. A circuit design engineer may design, develop, and manufacture electronic circuits for a variety of applications including microcomputers.

Stony Brook electrical engineering students may work as interns in engineering and high-technology industries where they can apply their classroom and laboratory knowledge to real-world practice, gaining those skills as preparation for their careers. Upon graduation they are employed by companies in the New York region and across the nation including BAE Systems, Northrop Grumman, Omnicon Group, GE Energy, Boeing, Motorola, National Grid, PSEG, Data Device Corp., Texas Instruments, J.P. Morgan, and Ford Motors. Many students also choose to continue to pursue graduate degrees in engineering, business, law or medicine.

## **ECE Mission and Needs of Constituencies:**

The ECE Department seeks to educate engineers who will possess the basic concepts, tools, skills, and vision necessary to maintain the technological and economic competitiveness of the United States.

The department achieves this through a balance of required courses and judicious choices of technical electives in three stages of undergraduate studies in electrical and computer engineering. The first teaches students basic mathematics and science; the second teaches the fundamental techniques of analysis and design of systems; and the third teaches in depth some specialized areas of electrical and computer engineering through choices of technical electives taken during the junior and senior years.

The mission of the ECE Department continues a tradition of excellence by honoring our commitments to students, faculty, alumni, and the University. More specifically, for our students, we strive:

- To provide undergraduates with the broad education necessary for careers in the public/private sector, or to pursue advanced professional degrees;
- To provide undergraduates with a deep understanding of both fundamentals and contemporary issues in electrical and computer engineering; and
- To engage graduate students with focused instruction and research opportunities for careers in the public/private sector.

For our faculty, we strive to

- provide support and resources for them to develop as dedicated scholars, devoted educators, and innovative researchers so that they may enjoy long fulfilling, and challenging careers; and
- support a collegial environment rich with autonomy, teamwork, discourse, and inquiry.

For our alumni, we strive to:

- maintain productive ties to enhance their opportunities for lifelong learning and leadership, as well as to benefit from their skills, knowledge, and experience.

For the University, we strive to:

- work towards our goals of supporting a challenging and engaging community and to enhance the quality of life for all.

Our mission statement has a preamble followed by declarations of four interconnected commitments to the students, faculty, alumni and the University. Furthermore, the needs of industry are implied from the statements of commitments. Therefore, the major constituencies of our program are students, faculty, alumni, and industry.

### **Program Educational Objectives (PEO):**

The electrical engineering program has five program educational objectives (**PEOs**):

**PEO1:** Our graduates should excel in engineering positions in industry and other organizations that emphasize design and implementation of engineering systems and devices.

**PEO2:** Our graduates should excel in the best graduate schools, reaching advanced degrees in engineering and related disciplines.

**PEO3:** Within several years from graduation our alumni should have established a successful career in an engineering-related multidisciplinary field, leading or participating effectively in interdisciplinary engineering projects, as well as continuously adapting to changing technologies.

**PEO4:** Our graduates are expected to continue personal development through professional study and self-learning.

**PEO5:** Our graduates are expected to be good citizens and cultured human beings, with full appreciation of the importance of professional, ethical and societal responsibilities.

### **Student Outcomes:**

To prepare students to meet the above program educational objectives (PEOs), a set of student outcomes that describes what students should know and be able to do when they graduate, have been adopted. We expect our graduates to attain:

1. an ability to identify, formulate, and solve complex engineering problems by applying principles of engineering, science, and mathematics
2. an ability to apply engineering design to produce solutions that meet specified needs with consideration of public health, safety, and welfare, as well as global, cultural, social, environmental, and economic factors
3. an ability to communicate effectively with a range of audiences
4. an ability to recognize ethical and professional responsibilities in engineering situations and make informed judgments, which must consider the impact of engineering solutions in global, economic, environmental, and societal contexts
5. an ability to function effectively on a team whose members together provide leadership, create a collaborative and inclusive environment, establish goals, plan tasks, and meet objectives
6. an ability to develop and conduct appropriate experimentation, analyze and interpret data, and use engineering judgment to draw conclusions
7. an ability to acquire and apply new knowledge as needed, using appropriate learning strategies.

## **2. DEGREE REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING**

Students following a program of study leading to a Bachelor of Engineering must satisfy the general education requirements of the university, as well as, the requirements of the major, which consist of a core of mandatory courses and a set of electives. The B.E. degree program is periodically evaluated by the national Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology (ABET). This board, comprising various professional engineering organizations, ensures a consistent engineering curriculum throughout the United States. **The B.E. program in Electrical Engineering is accredited by the Engineering Accreditation Commission of ABET, <http://www.abet.org>.**

### **2.1 ABET Requirements for Electrical Engineering**

ABET requires that students have a sound training in mathematics (including probability and statistics), natural sciences, computer sciences, humanities, social sciences, communication skills, and engineering topics. Engineering topics include engineering science and engineering design. Content of the former category is determined by the creative application of basic science skills, while the content in the latter category focuses on the process of devising a system, or component, or process. Design has been integrated into the four-year program, beginning with a freshman course *ESE 123 Introduction to Electrical and Computer Engineering*. This course concentrates on the design issues of real systems through the fabrication of a working prototype. This course also serves as a vehicle for informing the students of the needs for understanding the fundamentals of basic mathematics and sciences. Sophistication in the use of design tools and analytical skills are continuously developed through a series of required courses taken during the sophomore and junior years, culminating in a capstone senior design project.

## 2.2 Stony Brook Curriculum (SBC)

The general education requirements of the University, referred to as the Stony Brook Curriculum (SBC), are summarized in Table 1 and must be satisfied by all students. SBC requirements are divided into four categories:

1) Demonstrate Versatility, 2) Explore Interconnectedness, 3) Pursue Deeper Understanding and 4) Prepare for Life-Long Learning. Category 1 consists of ten areas. Engineering students are exempt from the foreign language requirement (LANG) under this category. By completing the requirements for the electrical engineering major, students meet the requirements of categories 3 and 4. Students should use Table 1 in planning their SBC course assignments.

**Table 1: Stony Brook Curriculum (SBC)  
Requirements for Electrical Engineering Major**

| LEVEL  | EXAMPLE  |
|--|--|
| <p><b><u>1) Demonstrate Versatility:</u></b></p> <p><b>WRT:</b> Write Effectively in English<br/> <b>QPS:</b> Master Quantitative Problem Solving<br/> <b>HUM:</b> Address Problems using Critical Analysis and the Methods of the Humanities<br/> <b>SNW:</b> Study the Natural World<br/> <b>TECH:</b> Understanding Technology</p> <p><b>SBS:</b> Understand, Observe, and Analyze Human Behavior and the Structure and Functioning of Society<br/> <b>ARTS:</b> Explore and Understand the Fine and Performing Arts<br/> <b>USA:</b> Understand the Political, Social, and Cultural History of the United States<br/> <b>GLO:</b> Engage Global Issues</p> | <p>WRT 102*<br/> AMS151<br/> ANY<br/> PHY131<br/> ESE123 or<br/> ESE 118<br/> ANY<br/> <br/> ANY<br/> ANY<br/> ANY</p> |
| <p><b><u>2) Explore Interconnectedness:</u></b></p> <p><b>STAS:</b> Science or Technology and the Arts, Humanities, or Social Sciences</p>   | <p>ESE301</p>  |
| <p><b><u>3) Pursue Deeper Understanding</u></b></p>  | <p>ESE440</p>  |
| <p><b><u>4) Prepare for Life-Long Learning</u></b></p>   | <p>ESE441</p>  |

\* Students are required to complete WRT 101, Introductory Writing Workshop, and WRT 102, Intermediate Workshop A, with a grade of C or higher, or completion of WRT 103, Intermediate Writing Workshop B, with a grade of C or higher

## 2.3 Recommended Course Sequence For Electrical Engineering Major

|                  | <b>Fall</b>              |  | <b>cr</b> |     | <b>Spring</b>            |  | <b>cr</b> |
|------------------|--------------------------|--|-----------|-----|--------------------------|--|-----------|
| <b>Freshman</b>  | AMS 151 <sup>1</sup>     | Calculus I (QPS)                         | 3         |     | AMS 161 <sup>1</sup>     | Calculus II                              | 3         |
|                  | PHY 131/133 <sup>2</sup> | Physics I/Lab (SNW)                      | 4         |     | PHY 132/134 <sup>2</sup> | Physics II/Lab                           | 4         |
|                  | ESE 123                  | Intro. to ECE (TECH)                     | 4         |     | AMS 210                  | Linear Algebra                           | 3         |
|                  | <b>WRT 102</b>           | <b>Eng. Comp. (WRT)</b>                  | 3         |     | <b>ESE 118</b>           | <b>Digital Logic Design</b>              | 4         |
|                  |                          | First Year Seminar 101                   | 1         |     |                          | First Year Seminar 102                   | 1         |
| <b>Total</b>     |                          |  | <b>15</b> |     |                          |  | <b>15</b> |
| <b>Sophomore</b> | ESE 124                  | Prog. Fund.                              | 4         |     | AMS 261                  | Calculus III                             | 4         |
|                  | ESE 280                  | Emb. Microcontroller Sys. Design I       | 4         |     | <b>ESE 272</b>           | <b>Electronics</b>                       | 4         |
|                  | <b>ESE 271</b>           | <b>Circuit Analysis</b>                  | 3         |     | <b>ESE 273</b>           | <b>Microelectronic Circuits</b>          | 3         |
|                  | <b>ESE 305</b>           | <b>Det. Sig. Sys.</b>                    | 3         |     | ESE 224                  | Advanced Prog. & Data Structures         | 4         |
|                  | AMS 361                  | Calculus IV                              | 4         |     | ESE 306                  | Rand. Sig. Sys.                          | 3         |
| <b>Total</b>     |                          |  | <b>18</b> |     |                          |  | <b>18</b> |
| <b>Junior</b>    | <b>ESE 331</b>           | <b>Semiconductor Dev.</b>                | 3         |     | ESE 324                  | Advanced Electronics Lab                 | 3         |
|                  | <b>ESE 323</b>           | <b>Prototyping</b>                       | 3         |     | <b>ESE</b>               | <b>Specialization Course<sup>4</sup></b> | 3         |
|                  | <b>ESE 342</b>           | <b>Comm. Sys.</b>                        | 3         |     | <b>ESE 300</b>           | <b>Tech. Comm. For ECE</b>               | 2         |
|                  | ESE 319                  | E&M                                      | 3         |     | <b>ESE 301</b>           | <b>Eng. Ethics (STAS)</b>                | 2         |
|                  |                          | Math or Science Elec <sup>3</sup>        | 4         |     | <b>ESE 315</b>           | <b>Control System Design</b>             | 3         |
|                  |                          |  |           | SBS | Soc. and Beh. Sci.       | 3  |           |
| <b>Total</b>     |                          |  | <b>16</b> |     |                          |  | <b>16</b> |
| <b>Senior</b>    | <b>ESE 440</b>           | <b>Eng. Design I</b>                     | 3         |     | <b>ESE 441</b>           | <b>Eng. Design II</b>                    | 3         |
|                  | <b>ESE</b>               | <b>Specialization Course<sup>4</sup></b> | 3         |     | <b>ESE</b>               | <b>Elective<sup>5</sup></b>              | 3         |
|                  | <b>ESE</b>               | <b>Elective<sup>5</sup></b>              | 3         |     | <b>ESE</b>               | <b>Elective<sup>5</sup></b>              | 3         |
|                  | ARTS                     | Arts                                     | 3         |     | USA                      | American History                         | 3         |
|                  | HUM                      | Humanities                               | 3         |     | GLO                      | Global                                   | 3         |
| <b>Total</b>     |                          |  | <b>15</b> |     |                          |  | <b>15</b> |

All courses in **boldface** must be passed with a minimum grade of C.

A course may not satisfy more than one category.

- <sup>1</sup> AMS 151 and AMS 161 can be replaced by (MAT 131 and MAT 132) or (MAT 131 and 171), or (MAT 125, MAT 126 and MAT 127) or (MAT 141 and 142), or (MAT 141 & 171)
- <sup>2</sup> PHY 131/133 and PHY 132/134 can be replaced by (PHY 125, PHY 126 and PHY 127,133,134), or (PHY 141 and PHY 142.). Students taking the three-semester sequence should take PHY 125, PHY 127 and PHY 126, in that order.
- <sup>3</sup> One course from: CHE 131, CHE 152, BIO 202, BIO 203, ESG 198, PHY 251, AMS 301 or ESE 122
- <sup>4</sup> Students must select **one of the four specializations** listed below by the end of the sophomore year:
  - a. **Circuits and VSLI:** ESE 330, ESE 411
  - b. **Communications, Signal Processing, and Networking:** ESE 337, ESE 442
  - c. **Nanoelectronics and Photonics:** ESE 332, ESE 412 or ESE 413
  - d. **Power and Energy Systems:** ESE 350, ESE 451
- <sup>5</sup> Three technical ESE electives: Any upper division (300 or 400 level) **ESE** course that is not required except ESE 494. The three technical electives may not be satisfied by any of the required courses within the specialization.



## 2.3.a Checklist For Major Requirements In **Circuits and VLSI Specialization**

|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| AMS 151 <sup>1</sup> _____<br>(or MAT 131) | PHY 131 <sup>2</sup> _____<br>PHY 133 _____<br>PHY 132 <sup>2</sup> _____<br>PHY 134 _____ | (PHY 125 _____ & 133 _____)<br>(PHY 127 _____ & 134 _____)<br>OR (PHY 126 _____) |
| AMS 161 <sup>1</sup> _____<br>(or MAT 132) |  |  |

|                               |                               |                                |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| AMS 210 _____<br>(or MAT 211) | AMS 261 _____<br>(or MAT 203) | AMS 361) _____<br>(or MAT 303) |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|

|                      |                      |                      |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| <b>ESE 118</b> _____ | ESE 123 _____        | ESE 124 _____        |
| <b>ESE 305</b> _____ | ESE 306 _____        | ESE 224 _____        |
| <b>ESE 271</b> _____ | <b>ESE 272</b> _____ | <b>ESE 273</b> _____ |
| ESE 280 _____        | <b>ESE 300</b> _____ | <b>ESE 301</b> _____ |
| <b>ESE 315</b> _____ | ESE 319 _____        | <b>ESE 323</b> _____ |
| ESE 324 _____        | <b>ESE 330</b> _____ | <b>ESE 331</b> _____ |
| <b>ESE 342</b> _____ | <b>ESE 411</b> _____ | <b>ESE 440</b> _____ |
| <b>ESE 441</b> _____ |                      |                      |

Three technical ESE electives<sup>3</sup> (2 with **C** or better) \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Math or science elective<sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_

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All courses in **Bold** must be passed with a minimum grade of **C**

1. AMS 151 and AMS 161 can be replaced by (MAT 131 and MAT 132) or (MAT 131 and 171), or (MAT 125, MAT 126 and MAT 127) or (MAT 141 and 142), or (MAT 141 & 171)
2. PHY 131/133 and PHY 132/134 can be replaced by (PHY 125, PHY 126 and PHY 127, 133, 134), or (PHY 141 and PHY 142.). Students taking the three-semester sequence should take PHY 125, PHY 127 and PHY 126, in that order.

<sup>4</sup> Three technical ESE electives: Any upper division (300 or 400 level) **ESE** course that is not required except ESE 494. The three technical electives may not be satisfied by any of the required courses within the specialization.

<sup>3</sup> Math or Science elective: One course from: CHE 131, CHE 152, BIO 202, BIO 203, ESG 198, PHY 251, AMS 301 or ESE 122

STUDENTS IN THE MAJOR MAY NOT G/PNC MAJOR REQUIRED COURSES

**2.3.b Checklist For Major Requirements In Communications, Signal Processing, and Networking Specialization**

|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| AMS 151 <sup>1</sup> _____<br>(or MAT 131) | PHY 131 <sup>2</sup> _____<br>PHY 133 _____<br>PHY 132 <sup>2</sup> _____<br>PHY 134 _____ | (PHY 125 _____ & 133 _____)<br>(PHY 127 _____ & 134 _____)<br>OR (PHY 126 _____) |
| AMS 161 <sup>1</sup> _____<br>(or MAT 132) |  |  |
| AMS 210 _____<br>(or MAT 211)              | AMS 261 _____<br>(or MAT 203)  | AMS 361) _____<br>(or MAT 303)   |
| <b>ESE 118</b> _____                       | ESE 123 _____  | ESE 124 _____  |
| <b>ESE 305</b> _____                       | ESE 306 _____  | ESE 224 _____  |
| <b>ESE 271</b> _____                       | <b>ESE 272</b> _____   | <b>ESE 273</b> _____   |
| ESE 280 _____                              | <b>ESE 300</b> _____   | <b>ESE 301</b> _____   |
| <b>ESE 315</b> _____                       | ESE 319 _____  | <b>ESE 323</b> _____   |
| ESE 324 _____                              | <b>ESE 331</b> _____   | <b>ESE 337</b> _____   |
| <b>ESE 342</b> _____                       | <b>ESE 440</b> _____   | <b>ESE 441</b> _____   |
| <b>ESE 442</b> _____                       |  |  |

Three technical ESE electives<sup>3</sup> (**2 with C** or better) \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

Math or science elective<sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_

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All courses in **Bold** must be passed with a minimum grade of **C**

1. AMS 151 and AMS 161 can be replaced by (MAT 131 and MAT 132) or (MAT 131 and 171), or (MAT 125, MAT 126 and MAT 127) or (MAT 141 and 142), or (MAT 141 & 171)
2. PHY 131/133 and PHY 132/134 can be replaced by (PHY 125, PHY 126 and PHY 127,133,134), or (PHY 141 and PHY 142.). Students taking the three-semester sequence should take PHY 125, PHY 127 and PHY 126, in that order.
3. Three technical ESE electives: Any upper division (300 or 400 level) **ESE** course that is not required except ESE 494. The three technical electives may not be satisfied by any of the required courses within the specialization.
4. Math or Science elective: One course from: CHE 131, CHE 152 , BIO 202 , BIO 203 , ESG 198, PHY 251, AMS 301 or ESE 122

## STUDENTS IN THE MAJOR MAY NOT G/PNC MAJOR REQUIRED COURSES

### 2.3.c Checklist For Major Requirements In Nanoelectronics and Photonics Specialization

|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| AMS 151 <sup>1</sup> _____<br>(or MAT 131) | PHY 131 <sup>2</sup> _____<br>PHY 133 _____<br>PHY 132 <sup>2</sup> _____<br>PHY 134 _____ | (PHY 125 _____ & 133 _____)<br>(PHY127 _____ & 134 _____)<br>OR (PHY126 _____) |
| AMS 161 <sup>1</sup> _____<br>(or MAT 132) |  |  |
| AMS 210 _____<br>(or MAT 211)              | AMS 261 _____<br>(or MAT 203)  | AMS 361) _____<br>(or MAT 303)   |
| ESE 118 _____                              | ESE 123 _____  | ESE 124 _____  |
| ESE 305 _____                              | ESE 306 _____  | ESE 224 _____  |
| ESE 271 _____                              | <b>ESE 272</b> _____   | <b>ESE 273</b> _____   |
| ESE 280 _____                              | <b>ESE 300</b> _____   | <b>ESE 301</b> _____   |
| <b>ESE 315</b> _____                       | ESE 319 _____  | <b>ESE 323</b> _____   |
| ESE 324 _____                              | <b>ESE 331</b> _____   | <b>ESE 332</b> _____   |
| <b>ESE 342</b> _____                       | <b>ESE 412 or 413</b> _____  |  |
| <b>ESE 440</b> _____                       | <b>ESE 441</b> _____   |  |

Three technical ESE electives<sup>3</sup> (**2 with C** or better) \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Math or science elective<sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_

---

All courses in **Bold** must be passed with a minimum grade of **C**

1. AMS 151 and AMS 161 can be replaced by (MAT 131 and MAT 132) or (MAT 131 and 171), or (MAT 125, MAT 126 and MAT 127) or (MAT 141 and 142), or (MAT 141 & 171)
2. PHY 131/133 and PHY 132/134 can be replaced by (PHY 125, PHY 126 and PHY 127,133,134), or (PHY 141 and PHY 142.). Students taking the three-semester sequence should take PHY 125, PHY 127 and PHY 126, in that order.

<sup>3-</sup> Three technical ESE electives: Any upper division (300 or 400 level) **ESE** course that is not required except ESE 494. The three technical electives may not be satisfied by any of the required courses within the specialization.

4. Math or Science elective: One course from: CHE 131, CHE 152 , BIO 202 , BIO 203 , ESG 198, PHY 251, AMS 301 or ESE 122

**STUDENTS IN THE MAJOR MAY NOT G/PNC MAJOR REQUIRED COURSES**

**2.3.d Checklist For Major Requirements In Power and Energy Systems Specialization**

|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| AMS 151 <sup>1</sup> _____<br>(or MAT 131) | PHY 131 <sup>2</sup> _____<br>PHY 133 _____<br>PHY 132 <sup>2</sup> _____<br>PHY 134 _____ | (PHY 125 _____ & 133 _____)<br>(PHY127 _____ & 134 _____)<br>OR (PHY126 _____) |
| AMS 161 <sup>1</sup> _____<br>(or MAT 132) |  |  |

|                               |                               |                                |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| AMS 210 _____<br>(or MAT 211) | AMS 261 _____<br>(or MAT 203) | AMS 361) _____<br>(or MAT 303) |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|

|                      |                      |                      |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| <b>ESE 118</b> _____ | ESE 123 _____        | ESE 124 _____        |
| <b>ESE 305</b> _____ | ESE 306 _____        | ESE 224 _____        |
| <b>ESE 271</b> _____ | <b>ESE 272</b> _____ | <b>ESE 273</b> _____ |
| ESE 280 _____        | <b>ESE 300</b> _____ | <b>ESE 301</b> _____ |
| <b>ESE 315</b> _____ | ESE 319 _____        | <b>ESE 323</b> _____ |
| ESE 324 _____        | <b>ESE 331</b> _____ | <b>ESE 350</b> _____ |
| <b>ESE 342</b> _____ | <b>ESE 440</b> _____ | <b>ESE 441</b> _____ |
| <b>ESE 451</b> _____ |                      |                      |

Three technical ESE electives<sup>3</sup> (**2 with C** or better) \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Math or science elective<sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_

---

All courses in **Bold** must be passed with a minimum grade of **C**

1. AMS 151 and AMS 161 can be replaced by (MAT 131 and MAT 132) or (MAT 131 and 171), or (MAT 125, MAT 126 and MAT 127) or (MAT 141 and 142), or (MAT 141 & 171)
2. PHY 131/133 and PHY 132/134 can be replaced by (PHY 125, PHY 126 and PHY 127,133,134), or (PHY 141 and PHY 142.). Students taking the three-semester sequence should take PHY 125, PHY 127 and PHY 126, in that order.

<sup>3-</sup> Three technical ESE electives: Any upper division (300 or 400 level) ESE course that is not required except ESE 494. The three technical electives may not be satisfied by any of the required courses within the specialization.

<sup>4-</sup> Math or Science elective: One course from: CHE 131, CHE 152 , BIO 202 , BIO 203 , ESG 198, PHY 251, AMS 301 or ESE 122

## STUDENTS IN THE MAJOR MAY NOT G/PNC MAJOR REQUIRED COURSES

### 2.4 Academic Advising

The Department has an undergraduate committee that consists of the Undergraduate Program Director and nine faculty members. In addition to curriculum issues, the members of the undergraduate committee also serve as advisors. Each advisor is required to have at least four hours each week for walk-in advising. During these office hours students need not make an appointment to see an advisor. Additionally, the department mandates that all freshmen students in their second semester and transfer students in their first semester see an academic advisor during the pre-registration period. All the other students are divided into two groups. One group is required to see an advisor in the fall semester whereas the other group in the spring semester. This compulsory advising is enforced through a registration block, which is removed only after the student's course plan is approved by an advisor.

### 2.5 Communication Skills

The importance of reporting results through written and oral communication is stressed throughout the four years. Technical report writing is an essential component of all laboratory courses. The skills are honed and fine-tuned in a required junior level technical communication course. Students must register for the technical communication course ESE 300 concurrently with or after completion of ESE 280. The senior design project is a final platform for students with an opportunity to present their results in two written reports and an oral presentation.

### 2.6 Transfer Credit Equivalency

The Department of Electrical & Computer Engineering considers transfer credits for equivalency to ESE courses at any time. The student must provide a detailed course outline, textbook used, and any other pertinent course material for proper evaluation. The process is initiated by the student submitting a completed transfer credit equivalency form, together with additional attachments, to the ECE undergraduate office. A record of previous transfer equivalencies is available for reference at:

[https://www.stonybrook.edu/commcms/advising/\\_transferinfo/equivalencies/](https://www.stonybrook.edu/commcms/advising/_transferinfo/equivalencies/)

### 2.7 Honors Program in Electrical Engineering

The Honors Program in Electrical Engineering provides high achieving students an opportunity to receive validation for a meaningful research experience and for a distinguished academic career. A student interested in becoming a candidate for the Honors Program in Electrical Engineering may apply to the program at the end of the sophomore year.

To be admitted to the Honors Program, students need a minimum **cumulative grade point average of 3.50 and a B or better in all major required courses** (including math and physics). Transfer students who enter Stony

Brook University in the junior year need a minimum cumulative grade point average of 3.5 and a B or better in all required major courses (including math and physics) in their first semester at Stony Brook University.

Graduation with departmental honors in Electrical Engineering requires the following:

1. A cumulative grade point average of 3.50 or higher and a B or better in all major required courses (including math and physics) upon graduation.
2. Completion of ESE 494, a 1 credit seminar on research techniques, with a B or better during the junior year.
3. Completion of ESE 495, a 3-credit honors research project, with a B or better.
4. Presentation of an honors thesis (written in the format of an engineering technical paper) under the supervision of an ESE faculty member. The thesis must be presented to and approved by a committee of two faculty members including the student's advisor.

For students who qualify, this honor is indicated on their diploma and on their permanent academic record.

### 3. ACADEMIC GUIDELINES

#### a) Grading Requirements

All courses taken for the major must be taken for a letter grade. A grade of C or higher is required in the following courses:

ESE 118, ESE 271, ESE 272, ESE 273, ESE 300, ESE 301, ESE 305, ESE 315, ESE 323, ESE 331, ESE 342, ESE 440, ESE 441, Two ESE Technical Electives, ESE Specialization Courses, AMS 151, AMS 161 (or MAT 131, MAT 132), PHY 131, PHY 132, PHY 133, PHY 134

#### b) Pass/No Credit Option

There is **NO GPNC** option. All courses required for the major must be taken for a letter grade (A through D).

#### c) Residency Requirements

In addition to the University requirements, the following courses must be completed at Stony Brook:

1. **ESE 440 and ESE 441** with a faculty advisor from the Electrical & Computer Engineering Department.
2. **ESE 300.**
3. A minimum of 7 Engineering courses. At least 5 of the 7 courses must be ESE courses passed with a grade of "C" or higher. The following courses cannot be used to meet this requirement:

ESE 300, ESE 301, ESE 440 and ESE 441.

d) College Time Limits for the Bachelor of Engineering Degree All requirements for the Bachelor of Engineering degree must be met in eleven semesters by those students with full-time status. Full-time transfer students must meet all degree requirements in the number of semesters remaining after the number of transferred degree related credits are divided by 12 (the semester equivalency) and the result is subtracted from 11 (semesters).

#### e) Graduate Courses

Graduate level courses may be taken by undergraduates with a superior academic record (technical G.P.A. of 3.3 or greater) to satisfy either open elective or non-ESE technical elective requirements with approval.

Approval must be obtained from the Department of Electrical & Computer Engineering, the course instructor, and the College of Engineering and Applied Science.

f) Undergraduate Research

Students with a superior academic record may use ESE 499 (0-3 credits) or ESE 495 (Honors) to do an independent research study under the guidance of an Electrical & Computer Engineering faculty. Additional details may be found in the course description. The department has several research laboratories; Appendix D gives a brief description of each laboratory. This course must be taken at Stony Brook.

g) Undergraduate Teaching

Students with a superior academic record may use ESE 475 (3 credits of open elective) or ESE 476 to assist faculty in teaching by conducting recitation, laboratory sections and developing new laboratory experiments. These courses must be taken at Stony Brook, with permission of the Electrical & Computer Engineering Department. ESE 476 may be used as a Technical Elective.

h) Undergraduate Internship in Electrical Engineering

An independent off-campus engineering project with faculty supervision. Permission to register requires a **B** average in all engineering courses and the agreement of a faculty member to supervise the project. May be repeated but only three credits of internship electives may be counted toward the non-ESE technical elective requirements.

i) University Graduation Requirements

In addition to the above requirements a student should check that he or she has met all additional requirements set forth by the University, and The College of Engineering and Applied Science.

**STUDENTS SHOULD CONSULT THE UNDERGRADUATE BULLETIN FOR  
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON ACADEMIC GUIDELINES.**





# Appendix A

## Course Descriptions

### **ESE 111: Making with Arduino: Hardware and Programming (3)**

Create a working electronic project using low-cost and easy-to-program Arduino development boards. Example projects may include wearable electronics, robots, and electronic displays. An introduction to the C programming language will be provided along with the basics of embedded electronics and the Internet of Things.

**SBC:** TECH

### **ESE 118: Digital Logic Design (4)**

Develops methods of analysis and design of both combinational and sequential systems regarding digital circuits as functional blocks. Utilizes demonstrations and laboratory projects consisting of building hardware on breadboards and simulation of design using CAD tools. Topics include: number systems and codes; switching algebra and switching functions; standard combinational modules and arithmetic circuits; realization of switching functions; latches and flip-flops; standard sequential modules; memory, combinational, and sequential PLDs and their applications; design of system controllers. Fall, Spring

*Prerequisite:* ESE 123

**SBC:** TECH

### **ESE 121: Introduction to Audio Systems (3)**

Analog and digital audio systems, musical instrument amplifiers and effects, audio instrumentation, samplers, synthesizers, and audio transducers will be studied. Signal and system concepts will be demonstrated using audible examples to develop intuitive and non-mathematical insights. Audio system specifications will be explained and their effects demonstrated.

**SBC:** TECH

### **ESE 122: Discrete Mathematics for Engineers (3)**

Introduction to topics in computational mathematics, such as number systems, Boolean algebra, mathematical induction, combinatorics and probability, recursion and graph theory. Algorithm aspects of the topics discussed will be emphasized. Fall

*Corequisite:* ESE 123

### **ESE 123: Introduction to Electrical and Computer Engineering (4)**

Introduces basic electrical and computer engineering concepts in a dual approach that includes: laboratories for hands-on wired and computer simulation experiments in analog and logic circuits, and lectures providing concepts and theory relevant to the laboratories. Emphasizes physical insight and applications rather than theory. This course has an associated fee. Please see [www.stonybrook.edu/coursefees](http://www.stonybrook.edu/coursefees) for more information. Fall, Spring

*Pre- or Corequisites:* AMS 151 or MAT 125 or 131 or 141; PHY 125 or 131 or 141

**SBC:** TECH

### **ESE 124: Programming Fundamentals (4)**

The course presents fundamental and more advanced C programming concepts. Lectures discuss the C language constructs and exemplify their use in relevant programming applications. The course also introduces fundamental concepts in electrical and computer engineering, such as bitwise operations, text file scanning, stack-based

computation, table-based finite state machine implementation, hash tables, and linked lists. Scheduled lab activities focus on devising, implementing, debugging, and validating C programs for the concepts discussed in class. A course project focuses on developing a more extensive C program that comprehensively utilizes the programming concepts discussed during the semester. Fall, Spring

*Prerequisite:* Declared Area of Interest or Major in Electrical or Computer Engineering.

### **ESE 188: Understanding Machine Learning (3)**

This is a course on the basics of machine learning. Students develop an intuitive understanding of the core concepts of machine learning including supervised and unsupervised learning, classification and prediction. The course provides a number of practical examples from a wide range of disciplines including biomedicine, social sciences, and engineering. The course does not require any prerequisites in engineering or computer science.

**SBC:** TECH

### **ESE 224: Advanced Programming and Data Structures (4)**

The course presents fundamental data structures and algorithms frequently used in engineering applications. Object oriented programming in C++ is used to teach the concepts. Discussed topics include: programming and applications of data structures; stacks, queues, lists, heaps, priority queues, and introduction to binary trees. Recursive programming is heavily utilized. Fundamental sorting algorithms are examined along with informal efficiency analysis. Fall, Spring

*Prerequisite:* ESE 124

### **ESE 271: Electrical Circuit Analysis (3)**

The course covers the following topics: passive circuit elements: resistors, capacitors, inductors. Elements of circuit topology. Kirchhoff's and Ohm's law. Nodal and mesh analysis. Equivalent circuits. Steady-state AC circuits. Phasors. Transient analysis. Laplace transforms. Fundamentals of AC power, coupled inductors (transformers). Fall, Spring

*Prerequisite:* MAT 127 or 132 or 142 or 171 or AMS 161

Pre/co-requisite: PHY 127/134 or 132/134 or 142

### **ESE 272: Electronics (4)**

This is the first non-linear electronics class that introduces the students to the fundamentals of the circuit design through the architecture of a modern electronics system at the interface with sensors and actuators. Modeling of the non-linear devices, diode and MOS transistors, is presented, along with basic properties of MOS transistors for analog (amplification) and digital (switching) IC circuit design. Operational amplifier ideal and non-ideal models are explored along with the concepts of the feedback and stability. Signal conditioning circuits (fixed-gain, difference and instrumentation amplifiers, active filters), signal shaping circuits (rectifier, clipper, peak detector) and oscillators are presented. Basics of sample and hold circuit, data converters, digital signal processing platforms and radios are presented. spring

*Prerequisite:* ESE 271

### **ESE 273: Microelectronic Circuits (3)**

This is the first integrated circuits class that introduces the students to the fundamentals of the non-linear devices and design of IC amplifiers. The course starts with the introduction to the device physics, operation and modeling of a diode. Operation of MOS transistor, derivation of the large-signal transistor current as a function of the

terminal voltages in different regions of operation is then presented, along with the small-signal model. Single-stage amplifier structures are explored, along with the introduction of the implementation of current source and current mirror. Frequency-response of common-source amplifier is presented. The concepts of multi-stage amplification and differential pair are introduced. Operation modeling of bipolar transistors are presented, along with the common-emitter amplifier. Comparison of MOS and BJT transistor and performance of common-source and common-emitter is presented. Spring

*Prerequisite:* ESE 271

**ESE 280: Embedded Microcontroller Systems Design I (4)**

Fundamental design of microcontroller-based electronic systems. Topics include system level architecture, microcontrollers, memory, configurable ports, peripheral ICs, interrupts, sensors, and actuators, serial data protocols, assembly language programming, debugging, and table driven FSMs. Hardware/software trade-offs in implementing system functions. Hardware and software design are equally emphasized. Laboratory work involves design, implementation, and verification of microcontroller systems. This course has an associated fee. Please see [www.stonybrook.edu/coursefees](http://www.stonybrook.edu/coursefees) for more information. Fall

*Prerequisite:* ESE or ECE major; ESE 118 or permission of instructor.

**ESE 290: Transitional Study (1-3)**

A vehicle used for transfer students to remedy discrepancies between a Stony Brook course and a course taken at another institution. For example, it allows the student to take the laboratory portion of a course for which he or she has had the theoretical portion elsewhere. Open elective credit only.

*Prerequisite:* Permission of department

**ESE 300: Technical Communication for Electrical and Computer Engineers (2)**

Topics include how technical writing differs from other forms of writing, the components of technical writing, technical style, report writing, technical definitions, proposal writing, writing by group or team, instructions and manuals, transmittal letters, memoranda, abstracts and summaries, proper methods of documentation, presentations and briefings, and analysis of published engineering writing. Also covered are the writing of resumes and cover letters. Spring

*Prerequisite:* WRT 102; ESE or ECE major, U3 standing; ESE 280

**ESE 301: Engineering Ethics and Societal Impact (2)**

The study of ethical issues facing engineers and engineering related organizations and the societal impact of technology. Decisions involving moral conduct, character, ideals and relationships of people and organizations involved in technology. The interaction of engineers, their technology, the society and the environment is examined using case studies. Introduction to patents, copyright, trademarks and infringement using case studies. Fall, Spring

*Prerequisite:* U3 or U4 standing; one D.E.C. E or SNW course

**DEC:** H

**SBC:** STAS

**ESE 304: Applications of Operational Amplifiers (3)**

Design of electronic instrumentation: structure of basic measurement systems, transducers, analysis and characteristics of operational amplifiers, analog signal conditioning with operational amplifiers, sampling, multiplexing, A/D and D/A conversion; digital signal conditioning, data input and display, and automated measurement systems. Application of measurement systems to pollution and to biomedical and industrial monitoring is considered.

*Prerequisite:* ESE 372 or ESE 273

**ESE 305: Deterministic Signals and Systems (3)**

Introduction to signals and systems. Manipulation of simple analog and digital signals. Relationship between frequencies of analog signals and their sampled sequences. Sampling theorem. Concepts of linearity,

time-invariance, causality in systems. Convolution integral and summation; FIR and IIR digital filters. Differential and difference equations. Laplace transform, Z-transform, Fourier series and Fourier transform. Stability, frequency response and filtering. Provides general background for subsequent courses in control, communication, electronics, and digital signal processing. Fall, Spring

*Pre- or Corequisite:* ESE 271

### **ESE 306: Random Signals and Systems (3)**

Random experiments and events; random variables and random vectors, probability distribution functions, random processes; Binomial, Bernoulli, Poisson, and Gaussian processes; Markov chains; significance testing, detection of signals, estimation of signal parameters; properties and application of auto-correlation and cross-correlation functions; power spectral density; response of linear systems to random inputs. Spring

*Prerequisite:* ESE 305

### **ESE 315: Control System Design (3)**

The course aims to introduce students to basic concepts of classical control theory, such as closed-loop systems, root-locus analysis, Bode diagrams and Nyquist Criterion, and their applications in electrical, mechanical, and electromechanical systems. The students are expected to master the methods for control systems design including basic feedback control and PID control, which have a major application in the design of process control systems for industry. Spring

*Prerequisite:* ESE 305

### **ESE 319: Electromagnetics and Transmission Line Theory (3)**

Fundamental aspects of electromagnetics wave propagation and radiation, with application to the design of high speed digital circuits and communications systems. Topics include: solutions of Maxwell's equations for characterization of EM wave propagation in unbounded and lossy media; radiation of EM energy; guided wave propagation with emphasis on transmission lines theory. Fall

*Prerequisite:* ESE 271

### **ESE 323: Modern Circuit Board Design and Prototyping (3)**

Design, fabricate, and test a prototype device using a custom made circuit board, surface mount components, and a 3D printed enclosure. Topics include printed circuit design, active and passive component selection, design for testability, solid modeling, and 3D printing. Fall

*Prerequisite:* ESE 211 or ESE 272 and ESE 280

### **ESE 324: Advanced Electronics Laboratory (3)**

The objective of this advanced electronics lab course is to provide hands-on design experience for students. The students will have the opportunity to leverage theoretical knowledge acquired during ESE 272 and ESE 273 to design and test more complex and highly popular electronic circuits such as multi-stage amplifier, voltage regulator, and DC-DC boost and buck converters, data converters, and phase-locked loop. The initial several experiments will be based on the fundamental single stage amplifiers. The rest of the experiments will be more design centric where students will have the responsibility to determine either topology or the values of the circuit elements in each experiment in order to satisfy specific design objectives. The lectures will cover the theoretical principles as well as related design tradeoffs. Different topologies and analysis techniques will be presented for each circuit, guiding students during the design process. This course has an associated fee. Please see [www.stonybrook.edu/coursefees](http://www.stonybrook.edu/coursefees) for more information. Spring

*Prerequisites:* ESE 272 or ESE 211; ESE 273 or ESE 372

### **ESE 325: Modern Sensors (3)**

The course focuses on the underlying physics principles, design, and practical implementation of sensors and transducers including piezoelectric, acoustic, inertial, pressure, position, flow, capacitive, magnetic, optical, and bioelectric sensors. Established as well as novel sensor technologies as well as problems of interfacing various sensors with electronics are discussed. Fall

*Prerequisite:* ESE 273 or ESE 372

### **ESE 326: Fundamental Algorithms for Automated Electronic Design**

Upon completion of the course, students will know to design and implement the fundamental algorithms for automated electronic design, such as system and circuit design. The discussed core algorithms include greedy algorithms, divide-and-conquer, quicksort, dynamic programming, graph algorithms, and string matching. Analysis of algorithms is also discussed. These algorithms are exemplified for basic electronic design tasks, like circuit partitioning, floorplanning, module placement, signal routing, task scheduling, resource allocation, and technology mapping. The course work involves programming exercises and one course project.

*Prerequisites:* ESE 224

3 credits

### **ESE 327: Fundamental Algorithms for Machine Learning Systems**

The course presents the fundamental methods used in Machine Learning for engineering applications. The course discusses representation models for learning, extraction of frequent patterns, classification, clustering, and application of these techniques for different engineering applications. Supervised and unsupervised learning methods are discussed. The course includes two projects that involve devising and implementing the studied techniques and their evaluation using standard benchmark data.

*Prerequisites:* ESE 224

3 credits

### **ESE 330: Integrated Electronics (3)**

An overview of the design and fabrication of integrated circuits. Topics include gate-level and transistor-level design; fabrication material and processes; layout of circuits; automated design tools. This material is directly applicable to industrial IC design and provides a strong background for more advanced courses. Spring

*Prerequisite:* ESE 372 or ESE 273

### **ESE 331: Semiconductor Devices (3)**

The course covers physical principles of operation of semiconductor devices. Energy bands and energy band diagram, carrier densities, transport properties, generation recombination phenomena in bulk semiconductors, and the continuity equation are covered first. Equipped with an understanding of the character of physical phenomena in semiconductors, students learn the principles of operation, current-voltage characteristics, and nonidealities of p-n junction diodes, metal-semiconductor contacts, bipolar junction transistors, and field effect transistors.

*Prerequisites:* AMS 361 or MAT 303; PHY 127/134 or PHY 132/134 or PHY 142

### **ESE 332: Quantum Mechanics for Engineers (3)**

Introductory undergraduate level first course in quantum mechanics geared towards engineers and applied physicists. Comprehensive introduction to quantum mechanics and its application to real-world problems. Spring

*Prerequisites:* PHY 122/124 or PHY 126 and 127 and 134 or PHY 132/134 or PHY 142/134; MAT 127 or 132 or 142 or 171 or AMS 161

Advisory Corequisite: AMS 261 or MAT 203 or 205 or 307

### **ESE 333: Real-Time Operating Systems (3)**

Introduces basic concepts and principles of real-time operating systems. Topics include structure, multiple processes, interprocess communication, real-time process scheduling, memory management, virtual memory, file system design, security, protection, and programming environments for real-time systems. Fall

*Prerequisites:* ESE 224 or CSE 214; ESE 280

### **ESE 334: Introduction to Nanoelectronic Devices**

The major goals and objectives are to provide undergraduate students with initial knowledge and understanding of nanoelectronic devices. The course will cover physical properties of low-dimensional structures (quantum wells, quantum wires, quantum dots, and superlattices) that create a basis for operation of nanoelectronic devices

as well as nanostructure fabrication, characterization and applications in nanoelectronics. Additionally, the course will cover applications of nanotechnology in biology and medicine.

*Prerequisite:* ESE 331

3 credits

### **ESE 337: Digital Signal Processing: Theory (3)**

Introduces digital signal processing theory, discrete time sequences and systems, linear time-invariant (LTI) systems, convolution sum, Discrete Time Fourier Transform (DTFT), Z-transform, Discrete Fourier Series (DFS), sampling DTFT, Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT), Fast Fourier Transform (FFT), sampling and reconstruction of continuous and discrete time signals, design of FIR and IIR filters, difference equations. Fall

*Prerequisite:* ESE 305

### **ESE 342: Communication Systems (3)**

Basic concepts in both analog and digital data communications; signals, spectra, and linear networks; Sampling and pulse modulation; Pulse modulation schemes; Principles of digital transmission; Behavior of analog and digital systems in noise; Channel capacity and channel coding schemes. Fall

*Prerequisite:* ESE 306

### **ESE 343: Mobile Cloud Computing (3)**

Introduction to the basic concepts of mobile cloud computing, including: 1. The mobile computing technology used in modern smart phones; 2. The cloud computing technology used in existing data centers; 3. The synergy of mobile and cloud computing and its applications; 4. Programming on smart phone utilizing data center services. Students will gain knowledge of: the fundamental principles of mobile cloud computing, the major technologies that support mobile cloud computing, the current challenges and primary areas of research within the field of mobile cloud computing, and a basic understanding of the role of mobile cloud computing in the context of everyday living. Spring

*Prerequisite:* ESE 224, CSE 214, CSE 230 or ISE 208

### **ESE 344: Software Techniques for Engineers (3)**

This course covers software techniques for solving electrical and computer engineering problems in the C++ programming language. Design, implementation, and application to engineering problems of non-linear data structures and related advanced algorithms are covered. This includes binary trees, trees, graphs, and networks. OOP features such as Polymorphism, templates, Exception handling, File I/O operations, as well as Standard Template Library are used in the programming projects. Spring

*Prerequisites:* ESE 224

### **ESE 345: Computer Architecture (3)**

This course focuses on the fundamental techniques of designing and evaluating modern computer architectures and tradeoffs present at the hardware/software boundary. The emphasis is on instruction set design, processor design, memory and parallel processing. Students will get an understanding of the design process in the context of a complex computer system. Students will undertake a VHDL/Verilog design project using modern CAD tools. Fall, Spring

*Prerequisites:* ESE 280 and ESE 382

### **ESE 346: Computer Communications (3)**

Basic theory and technology of computer communications. Introduction to performance evaluation, error codes and routing algorithms. Other topics include Ethernet, wireless networks including LTE and 5G, fiber optic networking, software defined networking, networking on chips, space networks, data centers, grids and clouds, and network security. Not for credit in addition to CSE 310 or ISE 316. Fall, Spring

*Pre- or corequisite for ESE and ECE majors:* ESE 306

Pre- or corequisite for CSE majors: AMS 310 or 311 Prerequisite for CSE majors: CSE 220 Pre- or corequisite for ISE majors: ISE 218 and AMS 310 or AMS 311

**ESE 350: Electrical Power Systems (3)**

Fundamental engineering theory for the design and operation of an electric power system. Modern aspects of generation, transmission, and distribution are considered with appropriate inspection trips to examine examples of these facilities. The relationship between the facilities and their influence on our environment is reviewed. Topics include power system fundamentals, characteristics of transmission lines, generalized circuit constants, transformers, control of power flow and of voltage, per unit system of computation, system stability, and extra-high voltage AC and DC transmission. Spring

*Prerequisite:* ESE 271

**ESE 352: Electromechanical Energy Converters (3)**

Basic principles of energy conversion; DC, induction, and synchronous rotary converters; the three-phase system and symmetrical components; the relationships between voltage, current, flux, and m.m.f.; equivalent circuits and operating characteristics of rotary converters; and analysis of saturation effects. Fall

*Prerequisite:* ESE 273 or ESE 372

**ESE 355: VLSI System Design (4)**

Introduces techniques and tools for scalable VLSI design and analysis. Emphasis is on physical design and on performance analysis. Includes extensive laboratory experiments and hands-on use of CAD tools.

*Prerequisite:* ESE 118

**ESE 356: Digital System Specification and Modeling (3)**

A comprehensive introduction to the field of system level design. This course introduces basic concepts of complex hybrid (software/hardware) system modeling and simulation methodologies. Topics include top-down and bottom-up design methodology, system complexity refinement, SystemC specification language syntax and semantics, behavioral and system-level modeling, channel and interface modeling and implementation, and IP core development. Included are three projects on modeling and simulation.

*Prerequisites:* ESE 224 and ESE 280

**ESE 358: Computer Vision (3)**

Introduces fundamental concepts, algorithms, computational techniques, and applications in visual information processing. Covers image formation models and image filtering, binary image analysis, feature detection, contours, image segmentation, 3D image capture and analysis through stereo, motion, structured-light, and LIDAR, medical images, pattern classification, machine learning, and 3D object recognition. Fall

*Prerequisites:* ESE 305; ESE 224

**ESE 360: Network Security Engineering (3)**

An introduction to computer network and telecommunication network security engineering. Special emphasis on building security into hardware and hardware working with software. Topics include encryption, public key cryptography, authentication, intrusion detection, digital rights management, firewalls, trusted computing, encrypted computing, intruders and viruses. Not for credit in addition to CSE 408. Spring

*Pre- or corequisite:* ESE 346 or CSE/ISE 310

**ESE 366: Design using Programmable Mixed-Signal Systems-on-Chip (4)**

This course focuses on development of mixed-signal embedded applications that utilize systems on chip (SoC) technology. The course discusses design issues such as: implementation of functionality; realizing new interfacing capabilities; and improving performance through programming the embedded microcontroller and customizing the reconfigurable analog and digital hardware of SoC.

*Prerequisites:* ESE 280 and ESE 273; ESE 224 or CSE 230

### **ESE 375: Architectures for Digital Signal Processing (3)**

This course covers various aspects of architectures in digital signal processing and multimedia data processing. The topics include iteration bound analysis, retiming the circuits, unfolding and folding the architectures, algorithmic and numerical strength reduction for low power and low complexity design, introduction to array processor architectures and CORDIC implementation. Spring

*Prerequisites:* ESE 280 and ESE 305

### **ESE 381: Embedded Microprocessor Systems Design II (4)**

A continuation of ESE 380. The entire system design cycle, including requirements definition and system specifications, is covered. Topics include real-time requirements, timing, interrupt driven systems, analog data conversion, multi-module and multi-language systems. The interface between high-level language and assembly language is covered. A complete system is designed and prototyped in the laboratory. Spring

*Prerequisites:* ESE 271 and 280

### **ESE 382: Digital Design Using VHDL and PLDs (4)**

Digital system design using the hardware description language VHDL and system implementation using complex programmable logic devices (CPLDs) and field programmable gate arrays (FPGAs). Topics include design methodology, VHDL syntax, entities, architectures, testbenches, subprograms, packages, and libraries. Architecture and characteristics of PLDs and FPGAs are studied. Laboratory work involves writing the VHDL descriptions and testbenches for designs, compiling, and functionally stimulating the designs, fitting and timing simulation of the fitted designs, and programming the designs into a CPLD or FPGA and bench testing. Spring

*Prerequisite:* ESE or ECE major; ESE 118 or permission of instructor

### **ESE 388: Foundations of Machine Learning**

This course provides an introduction to the fundamental concepts of machine learning. Statistical learning framework is utilized for clustering, classification, and prediction tasks. Concepts are reinforced through theoretical and programming assignments, with applications in computer vision, natural language processing and bioinformatics.

3 credits

### **ESE 411: Analog Integrated Circuits (3)**

Single-stage amplifiers biased and loaded with current mirrors. Frequency response. Two-stage operational amplifiers designed by conventional and computer-aided techniques. Negative feedback, stability and compensation. Spring

*Prerequisite:* ESE 273 or ESE 372

### **ESE 412: Lightwave Devices (3)**

Introduction to optical semiconductor devices and their applications in telecommunications, optoelectronics, and consumer electronics-areas where signal processing or the transmission of signals across free space or fiber optic cables is involved. It discusses design and operation of optical modulators, quantum well lasers, light emitting diodes, and photodetectors. Spring

*Prerequisite:* ESE 331

### **ESE 413: Introduction to Photovoltaics (3)**

Introduction to the basic concepts of photovoltaic solar energy conversion, including: 1. The solar resource in the context of global energy demand; 2. The operating principles and theoretical limits of photovoltaic devices; 3. Device fabrication, architecture, and primary challenges and practical limitations for the major technologies and materials used for photovoltaic devices. Students will gain knowledge of: the device physics of solar cells, the operating principles of the major commercial photovoltaic technologies, the current challenges and primary areas



of research within the field of photovoltaics, and a basic understanding of the role of photovoltaics in the context of the global energy system. Spring

*Prerequisite:* ESE 331

**ESE 414: Fundamentals of Low Noise Electronics for Sensors**

Introduction to sensor model, electronic noise, signal-to-noise analysis in frequency and time domains, low-noise charge amplification, low-noise amplifier design, filter design, analog and digital signal processing for sensors.

*Prerequisite:* ESE 411

3 credits

**ESE 440: Senior Design I (3)**

The senior design sequence (ESE 440 and ESE 441) is a two-semester, team based and independent capstone project with deliverables. The primary objective of the senior design course sequence is to provide a vehicle for students to transition from an academic environment to that of a commercial/professional engineering environment. Students learn to work in teams to complete a project from concept, practical design based on multiple constraints, to creating a deliverable product meeting the design specifications. Students present written, oral and poster presentations of the project. While most of the project work is done outside the classroom, guest speakers provide insight into other related topics from resume preparation, to program management, to team dynamics and to design methodologies used in industry. The project incorporates appropriate engineering standards and multiple realistic constraints. The final grade will be assigned at the end of the two course sequence ESE 440-441. Not counted as a technical elective. This course has an associated fee. Please see [www.stonybrook.edu/coursefees](http://www.stonybrook.edu/coursefees) for more information. Fall

*Prerequisites:* ESE or ECE major, U4 standing; ESE 300; For ESE majors: two ESE electives or for ECE majors: two ECE electives.

Partially fulfills: CER, ESI, EXP+, SBS+, SPK, STEM+, WRTD

**ESE 441: Senior Design II (3)**

The senior design sequence (ESE 440 and ESE 441) is a two-semester, team based and independent capstone project with deliverables. The primary objective of the senior design course sequence is to provide a vehicle for students to transition from an academic environment to that of a commercial/professional engineering environment. Students learn to work in teams to complete a project from concept, practical design based on multiple constraints, to creating a deliverable product meeting the design specifications. Students present written, oral and poster presentations of the project. While most of the project work is done outside the classroom, guest speakers provide insight into other related topics from resume preparation, to program management, to team dynamics and to design methodologies used in industry. The project incorporates appropriate engineering standards and multiple realistic constraints. Not counted as a technical elective. This course has an associated fee. Please see [www.stonybrook.edu/coursefees](http://www.stonybrook.edu/coursefees) for more information. Spring

*Prerequisite:* ESE 440

Partially fulfills: CER, ESI, EXP+, SBS+, SPK, STEM+, WRTD

**ESE 442: Recent Advances in Communications and Networks (3)**

This course covers recent advances on selected topics of communications and networks. Students are expected to read and present current literature on the subject area of the course and complete a project. Spring

*Prerequisite:* ESE 342 or ESE 346 or CSE 310

**ESE 451: Power Electronics (3)**

An introduction to the design and characterization of high-efficiency switch-mode power converters. Fundamental dc-dc converter topologies will be introduced and analyzed in the steady state and dynamically. The application of semiconductor devices in power applications including MOSFET, BJT, IGBT, and thyristors will be studied. Non-idealities in circuit components and the design of magnetic components will be discussed. Students will build and characterize circuits of their own design. Fall

*Prerequisite:* ESE 273 or ESE 372

3 credits

### **ESE 452: Advanced Power Electronics (3)**

A continued study of switching power converters after ESE 451. Topics include power factor and AC power line current harmonics, analysis of discontinuous circuit operation, resonant converters, and soft-switching. The advantages of wide band gap semiconductors in high power applications will be discussed. Students will build and characterize their designs. Spring

*Prerequisite:* ESE 451

### **ESE 457: Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing (3)**

This course covers fundamentals of digital image processing. Basic principles, computational algorithms, and applications are covered. Topics include image formation and sensing, sampling and quantization, image enhancement and histogram analysis, geometric transformations, filtering in the spatial and Fourier domains, edge and feature detection, color image processing, image deblurring, and medical images and computed tomography. Spring

*Prerequisites:* ESE 305; ESE 224

### **ESE 475: Undergraduate Teaching Practicum (3)**

Students assist the faculty in teaching by conducting recitation or laboratory sections that supplement a lecture course. The student receives regularly scheduled supervision from the faculty instructor. May be repeated once but only three credits may be counted as an ESE elective. Fall, Spring, Summer

*Prerequisites:* U4 standing; a minimum g.p.a. of 3.00 in all Stony Brook courses, and a grade of B or better in the course in which the student is to assist; permission of department.

**SBC:** EXP+

### **ESE 476: Instructional Laboratory Development Practicum (3)**

Students work closely with a faculty advisor and staff in developing new laboratory experiments for scheduled laboratory courses in electrical and computer engineering. A comprehensive technical report and the instructional materials developed must be submitted at the end of the course. May be used as a technical elective for electrical and computer engineering majors. May be repeated as an open elective.

*Prerequisites:* U4 standing; minimum cumulative g.p.a. of 3.0 and minimum grade of A- in the course for which the students will develop material; permission of department and instructor

**SBC:** EXP+

### **ESE 488: Internship in Electrical/Computer Engineering (3)**

An independent off-campus engineering project with faculty supervision. May be repeated but only three credits may be counted as an ESE elective.

*Prerequisites:* ECE or ESE major; U3 or U4 standing; 3.00 g.p.a. minimum in all engineering courses; permission of department

**SBC:** EXP+

**ESE 494: Honors Seminar on Research (1)**

An introduction to the world wide research enterprise with special emphasis on research in the United States. Topics include research funding, publications, patents, career options, theory versus experiment, entrepreneurship and presentation skills.

*Prerequisite:* Acceptance into the ECE or ESE Honors programs or permission of instructor.

**ESE 495: Honors Research Project (3)**

A research project, for students in the honors program, conducted under the supervision of an electrical and computer engineering faculty member. Fall, Spring, Summer

*Prerequisites:* ESE 494, permission of department and acceptance into the ECE or ESE Honors programs

**ESE 499: Research in Electrical Sciences (0-3)**

An independent research project with faculty supervision. Permission to register requires a 3.00 g.p.a. in all engineering courses and the agreement of a faculty member to supervise the research. May be repeated but only three credits of research electives (AMS 487, BME 499, CSE 487, MEC 499, ESM 499, EST 499, ISE 487) may be counted toward non-ESE technical elective requirements. Fall, Spring, Summer

*Requirements:* U4 standing, 3.00 g.p.a. minimum in all engineering courses, permission of department

## APPENDIX B: ECE FACULTY

### FACULTY

### RESEARCH INTERESTS

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| Dhadwal, Harbans S.       | Integrated fiber optics, Fiber optic biosensors; optical signal processing; photon correlation spectroscopy   |
| Djuric, Petar M.          | Signal analysis, modeling, and processing; Monte Carlo methods; wireless communications and sensor networks   |
| Doboli, Alexa             | VLSI CAD with emphasis on hardware/software co-design & mixed-signal synthesis  |
| Donetski, Dmitri          | Design of long-wavelength detectors, photovoltaic cells and high power laser diode arrays   |
| Dorojevets, Mikhail N.    | Parallel computer architecture; high-performance systems design; superconductor processors  |
| Eisaman, Matthew          | Exploring technologies for improving the efficiency of solar cells, including light management and the connection between structure and performance at the nanoscale.   |
| Fernandez-Bugallo, Monica | Statistical signal processing, with emphasis on Monte Carlo methods and their application to high-dimensional systems including target tracking and biological systems. |
| Gindi, Gene               | Medical Image Processing and Analysis with an emphasis on statistical methods   |
| Gorfinkel, Vera           | Semiconductor devices, including microwave and optoelectronics.   |
| Hong, Sangjin             | Low-power VLSI design of multimedia wireless communications and digital signal processing systems, including SOC design methodology and optimization                    |
| Kamoua, Ridha             | High frequency semiconductor devices; microwave devices; terahertz sources.   |
| Lin, Shan                 | Cyber physical systems, networked information systems, and smart sensor systems, with an emphasis on feedback control based designs.                                    |
| Liu, Ji                   | Distributed control and computation, multi-agent systems, social networks, epidemic networks, and power networks.   |
| Luo, Fang                 | High power-density converter design, high-density EMI filter design and integration, and power module packaging/integration for wide band-gap devices.                  |
| Luryi, Serge              | Sensor systems, semiconductor devices and technologies, Optoelectronics   |
| Milder, Peter             | Domain-specific hardware generation tools for FPGA and ASIC   |

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| Parekh, Jayant P.     | Microwave acoustics; microwave magnetics; microwave electronics; microcomputer applications.   |
| Robertazzi, Thomas G. | Computer networks; parallel processing, performance evaluation and e-commerce tech.  |
| Salman, Emre          | Nanoscale integrated circuit design; digital and mixed signal circuits   |
| Shamash, Yacov        | Control systems and robotics.  |
| Shterengas, Leon      | High power and high speed light emitters, carrier dynamics in nanostructures, molecular beam epitaxy   |
| Short, Kenneth L.     | Digital system design; embedded microprocessor systems; instrumentation.   |
| Suchalkin, Sergey     | Design and Development of optoelectronic devices. Far- and Mid-infrared spectroscopy of solids. Physics of semiconductors and nanostructures.  |
| Stanacevic, Milutin   | Analog and Digital VLSI Circuits   |
| Subbarao, Murali      | Computer vision; image processing  |
| Tang, K. Wendy        | Parallel and distributed processing; massively parallel systems; computer architecture, neural networks.   |
| Wang, Xin             | Mobile Computing and Wireless Networking   |
| Westerfeld, David     | Design and characterization of high-performance mid-infrared semiconductor light sources (LEDs and lasers).  |
| Yang, Yuanyuan        | Parallel and distributed computing and systems, high speed networks, optical networks, high performance computer architecture, and fault-tolerant computing  |
| Ye, Fan               | Mobile computing/sensing systems and applications, Indoor localization and floor plan reconstruction, Internet-of-Things and sensor networks.  |
| Zhang, Peng           | Power system, programmable microgrids, networked microgrids, software-defined distribution network, cyber-resilient power grid, formal methods, reachability analysis, power system stability and control. |
| Zhao, Yue             | Smart energy systems, renewable energy integration, electricity market, infrastructure security, sensing and signal processing, optimization theory, information theory, communication networks.           |

## APPENDIX C

### TEACHING LABORATORIES

#### **Analog Laboratory**

Contact Person: Anthony Olivo  
Location: Room 283, Light Engineering  
Usage: ESE 123, ESE 211, ESE 314, and ESE 324

This lab serves the ESE 123, ESE 211, ESE 314, and ESE 324 engineering courses. It contains eighteen workstations equipped for testing simple to complex analog circuits, from DC to 20 MHz. Each workstation consists of the following test equipment:

- Dell Optiplex 990 Personal Computer with ATE connectivity.
- Keysight Model DSO3012A 100 MHz Two Channel Digital Storage Oscilloscope.
- Agilent Model E3631A Triple Output Power Supply with a variable +6 VDC and +/- 25 VDC outputs.
- Agilent Model 34450A 5½ Digit Precision Digital Multimeter.
- Agilent Model 34401A 6½ Digit Precision Digital Multimeter.
- Agilent Model 33120A Arbitrary Waveform Generator that produces various signals from 0.1 Hz to 15 MHz
- Agilent Model 33220A Arbitrary Waveform Generator that produces various signals from 0.1 Hz to 20 MHz
- Three section Solderless Breadboard for the construction and testing of circuits designed in the laboratory.
- A Philips Model 6303A Automatic RLC meter is available for general use.
- The workstations are networked through a HP Procurve 1800 24 port Gigabit switch to a HP P3015 LaserJet Network Printer.

This laboratory includes 8 Soldering Stations for the assembly of printed circuit boards.

The CAD laboratory is used in conjunction with this laboratory for the design, modeling, and simulation of all Analog and Digital circuits built and tested for laboratory experiments. This laboratory is in use every weekday and most nights during each semester. In addition to normal lab hours, students use this lab on an irregular basis to do additional work beyond the limit of the formal lab sessions.

#### **Digital Systems Design Laboratory**

Contact Person: Anthony Olivo should we put the new lab person in?  
Location: Room 235, Heavy Engineering  
Usage: ESE 218

This laboratory serves ESE-218 (Digital Systems Design). The laboratory contains fourteen workstations, each consisting of a Keysight MSO3012A 100MHz Dual Trace Oscilloscope/16 Bit Digital Logic Analyzer, a PB 505 Digital Design Workstation and a Dell Optiplex 990 Personal Computer. The Digital Logic Analyzer can capture and display up to 16 channels of digital data via a flexible dual 8-channel cable. Data acquisition is accomplished by normal, time base, channel activity, or glitch triggering.

The PB 505 Digital Design Workstation is a multi-function breadboard system, which consists of the following:

- A three section Solderless Breadboard for the construction and testing of circuits,
- A function generator, which outputs sine waves, triangle waves, square waves, and TTL square waves from 0.1 Hz to 100 kHz.
- Three internal power supplies with a fixed +5VDC, a +1.3 to +15 VDC variable output, and a -1.3 to -15 VDC variable output.
- 16 LED logic indicators (8 logic HIGH and 8 Logic LOW)

- 8 Logic switches, two debounced switches, and an 8 ohm speaker

The CAD laboratory is used in conjunction with this laboratory for the design, modeling, and simulation of all Digital circuits built and tested for laboratory experiments.

## Digital Systems Rapid Prototyping Laboratory

Contact Individuals: Bryant Gonzaga, Prof. Ken Short  
 Location: Room: 230, Light Engineering  
 Usage: ESE 382, ESE 440, ESE 441, ESE 475, ESE 476, ESE 499

The Digital Systems Rapid Prototyping Laboratory (DSRPL) is devoted to teaching, research, and system design projects involving advanced digital systems employing embedded microprocessor based systems and VHDL based digital systems. The laboratory is located adjacent to the Embedded Systems Design Laboratory (ESDL), in room 228 on the second floor of the Light Engineering building.

The DSRPL facility is structured to support advanced digital design projects, as well as the laboratory portion of an upper division undergraduate VHDL digital design course, ESE-382. The lab room is configured with design stations equipped with computer workstations that are networked to the laboratory's RAID 1 compliant Windows 2003 server. Each workstation includes a dual-display design interface, and provides access to a number of sophisticated software design packages, including ActiveHDL by Aldec, Synplify Pro by Synopsys, ispLEVER by Lattice Semiconductor, and other related software packages. All software packages utilize floating licensing, and are available on virtually all computers in the DSRPL, as well as the ESDL (see above).

The project design verification stations may also be configured with a variety of test and debugging equipment, as needed for a respective design project. Available are JTAG based (on-chip) in-circuit emulators, logic analyzers, spectrum analyzers, digital storage oscilloscopes, arbitrary function/waveform generators, frequency counters, and a variety of other standard and custom lab test equipment. Further available in this room is a device programming station that supports a large number of programmable logic devices including EPROMs, microcontrollers, standard and complex PLDs, and FPGAs. Currently this lab supports digital system design projects utilizing a large variety of configurable devices such as CPLDs, cross-over PLDs, and FPGAs from Lattice, Xilinx, and Altera.

The DSRPL meets all requirements of the *Americans with Disabilities Act* (ADA), and other mandated safety requirements of the Federal and New York State governments. There are several wheel-chair accessible student workstations available in the DSRPL.

## Electrical & Computer Engineering Computer Aided Design Laboratory

Contact Person: Scott Campbell  
 Location: Room 281, Light Engineering  
 Usage: ESE 123, ESE 124, ESE 211, ESE 218, ESE 271,  
 ESE 280, ESE 300, ESE 305, ESE 306, ESE 314, ESE 315,  
 ESE 324, ESE 337, ESE 345, ESE 346,  
 ESE 347, ESE 457, ESE 358, ESE 273,  
 ESE 280, ESE 381, ESE 382, ESE 440, ESE 441,  
 ESE 475, ESE 476, ESE 499

The Electrical & Computer Engineering Computer Aided Design Laboratory is the primary computing resource for all undergraduate courses taught in the department. The ECE CAD Lab offers undergraduate students access to CAD

software tools used to analyze, model, simulate, and better understand engineering concepts. The lab supports every undergraduate course in the department.

The lab has a total of 40 Dell PC's, that are networked via switched ethernet to a Dell file server. There are two network laser printers available for students to print their results.

The following software packages are available to the users on the network:

Aldec Active HDL – Aldec  
Atmel AVR Studio - Atmel  
Cadence toolset including Capture, Pspice A/D - Cadence Design Systems  
Embedded Workbench for Atmel AVR - IAR  
Image Tool – University of Texas Health Science Center  
ISE Webpack - Xilinx  
ISP Lever - Lattice  
Matlab - The Mathworks Inc.  
Microsoft Visual Studio - Microsoft  
Microsoft Office - Microsoft  
Modelsim - Mentor Graphics  
Synplify Pro – Synopsys

## **Embedded Systems Design Laboratory**

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| Contact Individuals: | Bryant Gonzaga, Prof. Ken Short                               |
| Location: Room:      | 230 Light Engineering   |
| Usage:               | ESE 280, ESE 381, ESE 440, ESE 441, ESE 475, ESE 476, ESE 499 |

The Embedded Systems Design Laboratory (ESDL) is devoted to teaching and system design projects involving embedded microprocessor and microcomputer based systems. The primary portion of the laboratory is located in the Light Engineering building, on the second floor, in room 230. A project related area is located in a portion of an adjacent room, room 228.

The ESDL facility is used primarily to support the laboratory portions of two undergraduate courses: ESE-380 and ESE-381, Embedded Microprocessor Systems Design I and II. The main portion of the lab contains 13 student stations, each of which supports a group of 2 students. Each student station is equipped with a networked personal computer (PC), a full function state-of-the-art solderless breadboarding system, a Fluke model 45 dual display digital multimeter, an HP 54603B Digital Storage Oscilloscope, and a variety of other test equipment. Each station also has available a number of specialized microcomputer daughter boards and accessories, along with several industry standard JTAG-ICE debugging units, which collectively provide support for a large number of microcomputer devices and system design projects. Finally, a variety of specialty and custom designed items are available at each of the student stations, based on that semester's student design project.



The ESDL facility also has available a device programming station that is used in by students enrolled in ESE380, ESE381, ESE475, ESE476, ESE499, and ESE440/441. The programming station enables the programming of SPLDs, CPLDs, EPROMS, microcontrollers, and a large number of other classic and state-of-the-art programmable devices.

Each personal computer of each lab station is networked via a gigabit Ethernet local area network (LAN), providing connectivity to the lab's Xeon-based Dell PowerEdge server. This server is RAID 1 compliant and has eight high capacity high speed SCSI hard drives. At the present time the server is running the Windows Server network operating system. The laboratory LAN is connected by a dedicated firewall to the campus switched Ethernet network and the Internet. This provides high speed access to a variety of on and off campus computer systems and Websites. This server also supports the Digital Systems Rapid Prototyping Lab (DSRPL) facility, which is described below.

The ESDL meets all requirements of the *Americans with Disabilities Act* (ADA), and other mandated safety requirements of the Federal and New York State governments. There is also one wheel-chair accessible student station in the ESDL.

## **IEEE Student Laboratory**

Contact Person: President, IEEE Student Branch  
Location: Room 175, Light Engineering

This laboratory is run, independently, by the student chapter of the Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers. This lab contains 16 networked computers and various test equipment. It also has 4 dedicated computers with access to Engineering CAD programs utilized in the curriculum. Seniors find the laboratory particularly useful in testing their senior design projects.

## **Senior Design and Prototyping Laboratory**

Contact Person: Anthony Olivo  
Location: Rooms 283A and B, Light Engineering  
Usage: ESE 323, ESE 440/441

This laboratory is used for the design, construction, and testing of Senior Design Projects and Surface Mount Technology printed circuit board design, assembly, reflow and manufacturing.

Room 283B contains ten general work stations consisting primarily of:

- Dell Optiplex Personal Computers
- Keysight DSO3012A 100MHz Dual Trace Oscilloscope.
- Keysight MSO3012A 100MHz Dual Trace Oscilloscope/16 Bit Digital Logic Analyzer.
- Agilent Model MSO7012A 100 MHz Two Channel Mixed Signal Storage Oscilloscope with 16 bit digital inputs.
- Agilent Model DSO7012B 100 MHz Two Channel Digital Storage.
- Agilent Model 34410A Precision Digital Multimeter.
- Agilent Model 33120A Arbitrary Waveform Generator that produces various signals from 0.1 Hz to 15 MHz.
- Agilent Model 33220A Arbitrary Waveform Generator that produces various signals from 0.1 Hz to 20 MHz.

Two RF work stations consisting of the following Agilent equipment:

- 54642A 500 MHz Two Channel Digital Storage Oscilloscope.
- 1142 Active Probe Station
- E4401B Spectrum Analyzer with tracking generator.
- 8648A Synthesized Signal Generator, 0.01 to 1000 MHz.
- 4285A Precision LCR Meter, 75 kHz to 30 MHz.
- E5100A Network Analyzer, 100 kHz to 180 MHz.
- 4395A Network/Spectrum/Impedance Analyzer, 10 Hz to 500 MHz, with 87511A S-Parameter Test Set.
- BWD-45 Shortwave Dipole and RF Systems Wideband DX500 Active antennae for reception of radio signals.

The six work stations consist of Dell Optiplex 990 PC's that contain several engineering software packages. All PC's are connected to a HP P3015 LaserJet Network Printer through a HP Procurve 1800 24 port Gigabit switch and to the internet through a Smoothwall 3 Firewall.

Room 283A houses 10 workstations of prototyping and manufacturing equipment for SMT (Surface Mount Technology) printed circuit boards.

- Two MakerBot Replicator 3D printers connected to Dell Optiplex 990 PC's running AutoDesk Inventor Pro CAD software system.
- One Manncorp. MC301 SMT Reflow oven
- Two Manual SMT Pick and Place machines with solder dispenser
- Two Manncorp. Precision Solder Paste dispensers

The remaining 8 workstations contain

- National Instruments ELVIS breadboard system and PXI Test Chassis
- Weller SMT Soldering Systems
- Dell Optiplex 990 PC's running Labview and AutoDesk engineering packages

## **APPENDIX D**

### **RESEARCH LABORATORIES**

All research laboratories are used by students working toward either their Masters or Ph.D. degree. In addition, undergraduate students may also use these facilities for independent work study (ESE 499).

#### **Computer Vision Laboratory**

Contact Person: Prof. Murali Subbarao

Location: Room 248, Light Engineering

This laboratory has a network of Personal Computers, digital imaging hardware, and custom built Computer Vision Systems for experimental research in 3D vision and digital image processing.

#### **COSINE Laboratory**

Contact Person: Prof. Petar M. Djurić

Location: Room 202,204, 256, Light Engineering

The COSINE Laboratory supports the research efforts of faculty members and graduate and undergraduate students of the Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering whose work is in the areas of signal processing, communications, and networking. Current and recent research projects involve Monte Carlo-based signal processing, signal and information processing over networks, machine learning, wireless sensor networks, Bayesian signal processing, positioning and navigation, signal detection and estimation, signal modeling, radio-frequency identification, computer networking, biocomputing, data transmission using coded modulation, multiple-access systems, scheduling, network performance evaluation, grid computing, information theory, and image processing.

#### **Wireless Sensing and AUTO ID Laboratory (WSAID)**

Contact Person: Prof. Petar M. Djurić

Location: Room 286 CEWITT

WSAID is located in room 286 of the CEWIT building at the Research and Development Park. The research at the laboratory focuses on Radio Frequency Identification (RFID), wireless sensor networks, and indoor localization. The lab contains facilities and equipment to carry out cutting edge research and small-scale prototyping and evaluation of technologies in real world scenarios. Current projects at the laboratory include development of a novel UHF RFID system for enhanced performance, development of indoor localization systems based on technologies such as RFID, WiFi and Zigbee, and development of customized RFID systems for use in healthcare settings.

#### **Fiber Optics Sensors Laboratory (FOSL)**

Contact Person: Prof. Harbans Dhadwal

Location: Room 136, Light Engineering

Usage: ESE363, ESE440, ESE441 and ESE499

Research emphasis is on the development and fabrication of novel fiber optic systems for very diverse applications ranging from aerospace to biomedical. Research work has been supported by NSF, NASA, NIH and various state and industrial partners. Some of the current research projects include development of capillary waveguide based biosensors for detection of pathogens in a marine environment, laser debridement, cavity sensors for flight control surfaces, and photonic power conversion for mobile platforms.

The laboratory is equipped with various capabilities for optical and electronic diagnosis. These include a fiber optic fusion splicer, fiber polisher, diamond saw, optical microscope, optical spectral analyzer, single photon-counting systems, a high speed digital autocorrelator and various laser sources. Additionally, the laboratory has the facilities for designing and fabricating printed circuit boards and fabricating optical and electronic sub-systems.

## **Microwave Characterization Laboratory (MCL)**

Contact Person: Prof. Harbans Dhadwal

Location: Room 210, Light Engineering

The facility includes an anechoic chamber for characterizing microwave systems radiating at frequencies above 10 GHz. An automated measurement system permits polarization and azimuth scans. Current projects include development of microwave sensors for measurement of attitude angles. Test equipment includes oscillators, spectrum analyzers and power meters for use in the 10 GHz frequency range.

## **Fluorescence Detection Lab**

Contact Person: Prof. Vera Gorfinkel

Location: Rooms 551-559, Chemistry Building

This lab is involved in design, development, implementation, and testing of various instruments for Life Sciences. Research areas include laser induced fluorescence detection, single photon counting techniques, fast data acquisition and transfer, design and development of analog and digital integrated circuits, signal processing, capillary electrophoresis phenomena, DNA sequencing, microfluidics.

## **Nanoscale Circuits and Systems (NanoCAS) Laboratory**

Contact Person: Prof. Emre Salman

Location: Room 228, Light Engineering

This research laboratory focuses on developing design methodologies for high performance as well as energy efficient integrated circuits with application to future processors and embedded computing. Located at 228 Heavy Engineering Building, the NanoCAS Lab is equipped with a high performance processing and storage server, workstations, and all necessary EDA tools for modeling, design, and analysis. For updated information, please visit [nanocas.ece.stonybrook.edu](http://nanocas.ece.stonybrook.edu)

## **Medical Image Processing Lab**

Contact Person: Prof. Gene Gindi (4-2539)

Location: Room 060 T-8 HSC

We apply signal processing techniques to medical images to evaluate the quality of reconstructed images in terms of performance metrics on medically relevant detection and estimation performance figures. This allows one to optimize the imaging system hardware or the reconstruction algorithm. Most of our work involves nuclear medical image (PET and SPECT) and X-ray imaging, though some of our work is of a more fundamental nature and applies to areas beyond medical imaging. We also conduct human psychophysical performance testing on detection tasks to validate our theoretical predictions.

We are well equipped with 8 Linux and Wintel work stations, and much of our computationally intensive work is carried out on a high performance 16 node dual core Unix cluster devoted exclusively to the lab.

## **Integrated Microsystems Lab**

Contact Person: Prof. Milutin Stanaćević

Location: Room 258, Light Engineering

Our research efforts are focused on advancing the performance of CMOS integrated circuits at analog sensor interfaces. We investigate design of miniature, low-power, highly accurate sensing microsystems, that have a significant and pervasive impact on a large number of applications, ranging from new generation of biomedical devices for personal health monitors,

hearing aids or implantable neural prostheses to communication devices and radiation detectors. The lab is fully equipped for the design, testing and characterization of analog and mixed-signal integrated circuits.

### **Automatic Hardware Generation and Optimization (AHGO) Laboratory**

Contact Person: Prof. Peter Milder

Location: Room 350, CEWIT Bldg

The AHGO laboratory focuses on research of new computer-based techniques to improve design and optimization of FPGA and VLSI digital systems, emphasizing applications in signal processing, computer vision, cloud computing, and communications. The lab is equipped with Intel workstations, Xilinx and Altera FPGA development boards and environments, and commercial CAD tools.

### **Mobile Systems Design Laboratory**

Contact Person: Prof. Sangjin Hong

Location: Room 254, Light Engineering

Mobile Systems Design Laboratory is equipped to conduct research in the broad area of VLSI systems design for signal processing and communications. The laboratory has several SUN workstations for design and simulation of complex hardware and software systems. These machines equipped with commercial CAD tools and FPGA prototyping capability. There are PCs with wireless network testing capability for network hardware platform design.

### **Mobile Systems Design Laboratory**

Contact Person: Prof. Sangjin Hong

Location: Room 266, CEWIT Building

Mobile Systems Design Laboratory is equipped to conduct research in the broad area of collaborative systems for heterogeneous mobile sensors.

The laboratory has several workstations for design and simulation of complex hardware and software systems. These machines equipped with commercial CAD tools and FPGA prototyping capability. There are PCs with wireless network testing capability for network hardware platform design.

### **High-Performance Computing and Networking Research Laboratory**

Contact Person: Prof. Yuanyuan Yang

Location: Room 243, Heavy Engineering

Here is the description for High Performance Computing and Networking Research Laboratory. Please also use this version to update the department website.

This laboratory is equipped to conduct experimental research in the broad areas of networking and parallel and distributed systems. The lab has:

- 1 Dell PowerEdge 1800 computing server,
- 8 Dell OptiPlex GX620 MT workstations,
- 1 Sun Ultra 60 Workstation with dual processors,
- 4 Sun Ultra 10 Workstations,
- 8 Dell Latitude D610 laptops,
- 4 Lenovo ThinkPad X41 tablets/laptops,
- 8 Dell 520 MHZ Axim X51v PDAs,
- 1 Agilent 1683A standalone logic analyzer,
- 1 Agilent 54622A 2 channel 100-MHz MegaZoom oscilloscope,
- 1 M1 HF RFID development kit,
- 1 DKM8 UHF RFID development kit, and
- 1 CC2420DK development kit.

### **Opto-Electronics Laboratory**

Contact Person: Prof. Gregory Belenky

Locations: Room 181, 208 Light Eng.

The laboratory specializes in growth, fabrication and advanced characterization of optoelectronic devices including semiconductor lasers. The laboratory equipment park includes everything which is necessary to complete production process of an optoelectronic device – from design to packaging. Powerful computer simulation packages such as BeamProp, COMSOL and PADRE are used for device structure design.

The designed structures are grown by Molecular Beam Epitaxy (MBE) in VEECO Gen 930 reactor including materials of III and V groups. Immediately after growth epitaxial materials are characterized with high-resolution X-ray diffractometry and photoluminescence and carrier lifetime measurements with time resolution from 200 femtoseconds to microseconds providing rapid feedback for optimization of growth. Powerful optical Namarsky microscopes with magnification of 1500 times and Veeco Dimension atomic force microscope are used to monitor surface morphology of the grown wafers. The wafers are further processed in a Class 100 clean room. The typical procedures include oxygen plasma cleaning, e-beam metal and optical quality dielectric deposition, plasma etching, substrate lapping polishing and cleaving. Unpackaged devices are tested with probe stations operating from liquid helium to room temperatures and above. The good devices are mounted with chip bonding machine and electrically connected to the mount's terminals using ball and wedge wire bonding machines.

Next characterization cycle includes measurements of various device operation parameters. High-sensitivity and high-resolution spectral measurements are performed with Fourier transform and grating spectrometers. Optical characteristics light emitting diodes with output power ~ 1mW and of diode lasers and diode laser arrays with output powers exceeding 100 W are measured with a variety of quantum and thermal detectors. Mid-IR cameras and reflection optics are used for the device imaging. Transient characteristics of the devices are studied in a frequency range up to 20 GHz.

### **Ultra High Speed Computing Laboratory**

Contact Person: Prof. Mikhail Dorojevets  
Location: Room 244, Light Engineering  
Room 170, CEWITT

The Ultra High Speed Computing Laboratory is focused on designing 50-100 GHz processors with novel logic and memory superconductor technologies. This research facility is equipped with SUN and Dell high-performance workstations, several PCs, and a 36-processor computing cluster. All computers are connected by 10 Gbit/sec Ethernet LAN.

### **Wireless and Networking Systems Laboratory**

Contact Person: Prof. Xin Wang  
Location: Room 141, Heavy Engineering

This lab conducts research in the wireless networking and mobile computing area. The current research topics of the lab can be found from the group website. This lab has about 550 square feet space in the recently renovated Heavy Engineering building. The lab has eight Pentium Dell workstations, a set of crossbow sensors, professional sensor test bed development kit, and other equipments for networking and system researches.

### **Mixed-Domain Embedded Systems Laboratory**

Contact Person: Prof. Alex Doboli  
Location: Rm 270, CEWITT Bldg

The lab is equipped for research in the broad area of electronic system design and design automation. The lab contains 2

SUN workstations, 6 PCs, a programmable network of 50 embedded processors, and several microcontroller and FPGA based boards. Various IC design software tools, including Cadence and Synopsys tools, are installed. The lab has its own library of more than 200 books, 50 Ph.D. thesis, as well as the most relevant research papers published over the last five years. Current research projects involve design automation for mixed analog-digital systems and embedded systems for multimedia, sensor network applications and emerging technologies.

## **Electric Power and Energy Systems Laboratory**

Contact Person: Prof. Peng Zhang  
Location: Room 118, 124, Suffolk Hall

The lab is dedicated to enabling innovations for different layers of grid infrastructures that will transform today's power grids into tomorrow's autonomic networks and flexible services towards self-configuration, self-healing, self-optimization, and self-protection against grid changes, renewable power injections, faults, disastrous events and cyber-attacks. Our lab conducts cutting edge research in Smart Programmable Microgrids (SPM), networked microgrids with a focus on AI-enabled control and stability, formal methods and reachability analysis, software-defined smart grid, cyber-physical resilience of power grid, power system stability and control, Quantum Grid (QGrid), and real-time electromagnetic transient analysis.

The main equipment in the Power Lab is a large real-time cyber-physical testbed consists of the following main components: 1) two RTDS NovaCor Cubicles including two NovaCor Chassis, GT- NETx2 cards, GTSYNC cards, and real-time simulation package; 2) Four Pica8 high performance 10G/40G Ethernet switches and other SDN switches for building a software-defined network for power grids; 3) Twelve Dell Edge R470 servers; 4) Hardware microgrid converter control toolboxes; 5) Dozens of Schweitzer protection and control devices including Schweitzer's most up-to-date distribution relays, PMUs, SDN switches, and microgrid controllers; 6) Ten Dell workstations and monitors for RTDS model development, test and experiments. Power Lab has developed a series of in-house software packages such as reliability and resilience evaluation tools for microgrids, large distribution systems, substations and bulk power systems, harmonic/interharmonic analysis toolbox, unbalanced power flow analysis, automated reconfiguration, source location for power quality disturbances, etc. The Lab's risk analysis software packages have been used for grid hardening and microgrid planning by major power utilities in the US. In addition, the Lab owns grid simulators such as PSS/E, DSAT, RT-LAB, RTCAD and PSCAD/EMTDC.